

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product Identification

Champion Brands, LLC 1001 Golden Drive Clinton, MO 64093 (660) 885-8151

Product line: CHAMPION ® Safety Solvent

Products: 4114

CAS: 64742-47-8

Synonyms: Distillate, hydrotreated light

Recommended use: Industrial Solvent

Restrictions: Do not use near heat/sparks/open flames.

Created: 29 December 2015 **Revised:** 30 December 2019

Emergency phone: CHEMTREC: (+1) 800-424-9300

2. Hazards Identification

Appearance: Clear, colorless liquid **Odor:** Mild hydrocarbon odor

Classification(s): Flammable Liquid, Category 4

Aspiration Hazard, Category 1

Target organs: Symbol(s):



Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statement(s): Combustible liquid. May be fatal if swallowed and enters

airways. Causes skin irritation.

Other hazard(s): Repeated exposure may cause dryness of the skin. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precaution(s): Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – no

smoking. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use in a well

ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. Do no ingest. IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting.

Get immediate medical attention

Disposal: Keep out of waterways. Check local, national, and

international regulations for proper disposal

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Ingredients:

| Component | CAS No. | Conc (wt%) |
|---|------------|------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | 64742-47-8 | 99 – 100 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section

4. First Aid Measures

Eyes Remove contact lenses, if worn. Rinse with running water for

at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids

occasionally. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Remove affected clothing and launder before reuse. Wash

affected area for at least 15 minutes with soap and running water. Seek medical attention if persistent irritation occurs. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause defatting of the

skin – symptoms include redness, dryness, cracking

Inhalation Remove exposed person to fresh air immediately. Restore or

assist breathing, if necessary. Get medical attention if

breathing is slow or difficult.

Ingestion If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs

spontaneously, keep head below hips to minimize the chance

of aspiration. If fever, shortness of breath, congestion, coughing or wheezing occurs, get immediate medical

attention.

Additional Info Specific Treatments Note to physician: High potential for chemical pneumonitis!

Consider gastric lavage with protected airway, or

administration of activated charcoal. Call poison control for

specific guidance.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

NFPA (estimated): Health – 1 Fire – 1 Instability – 0

Flash Point 79°C / 170°F

Extinguishing Media Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon

dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do

not discharge extinguishing waters into the aquatic

environment.

Unsuitable Media Do not use water jet

Firefighting Procedures: Keep nearby containers cool with water spray.

Unusual Hazards Closed containers may build up significant pressure when

exposed to heat. Material will flow over water pools and may cause fire to spread. Incomplete combustion can produce

carbon monoxide.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:

Flammable liquid – can cause flash fires from a significant distance to a source of ignition. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment for emergency. Ventilate if released in a confined area.

Eliminate sources of ignition if it is safe to do so.

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent from

entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways or groundwater

Methods for removal: Use an explosion-proof pump to remove bulk liquid. Residual

liquid can be absorbed on inert material or evaporated with

adequate ventilation. Use only non-sparking tools.

7. Handling and Storage

Max. Handling Temp: Do not store or handle at elevated temperatures. See

Section 5 for flammability and Section 10 for chemical

stability

Procedures: Use only in a well ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors.

Keep containers closed when not in use. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Vapors are heavier than air and will tend to accumulate in low areas. Avoid sources of ignition and use non-sparking tools. Avoid use in confined areas without adequate ventilation. Areas of inadequate ventilation could contain concentrations high

enough to cause eye irritation, headaches, or nausea. Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Empty container contains product residue which may exhibit hazards of the product. Do no weld, heat, or pressurize empty containers. Do not re-use containers. Dispose of packaging or containers in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Store away from strong oxidizers

Max Store Temp: Do not store or handle at elevated temperatures.

Unsuitable Materials: Avoid prolonged contact with natural, butyl or nitrile rubbers.

Other: Store in a diked area and prevent discharge into the aquatic

environment

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Limits

US

Guidelines by component

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS # 64742-47-8)

ACGIH: 200 ppm, 8hrs (TLV)

Other Exposure Limits: Not determined

Engineering Controls: Use in a well ventilated area. Local and general ventilation

should keep methanol vapor concentration below permissible limits. Where exposure potential exceeds recommended limits, use a NIOSH/OSHA approved supplied air respirator as recommended. Vapors are heavier than air and will tend

to accumulate in low-lying areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory: Use a positive-pressure supplied-air NIOSH approved

respirator when used in confined spaces or where

engineering controls are not sufficient to limit exposure to

below recommended limits

Eye: Face shield or chemical splash goggles when splashing may

occur. If possible, remove contact lenses before handling

Gloves: Use neoprene or viton gloves. Nitrile gloves can be used –

but prolonged contact may cause the rubber to degrade

Clothing: Use chemical resistant pants and jackets

Other: Locate the nearest eyewash station and safety shower before

handling this product. Limit exposure whenever possible. Consider flammability and always use non-sparking tools.

Hygiene: Wash thoroughly after handling this product.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Clear, colorless to pale yellow liquid

Odor Mild hydrocarbon odor

Odor threshold Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined Initial Boiling Pt 200°C / 392°F

Flash Point 79°C / 170°F (Closed cup)

Evaporation Rate Upper Explosion Lm Lower Explosion LmNot determined
4.9% vol. in air
0.5% vol. in air

Explosive Data Vapors of this product may form explosive mixtures with air

Vapor Pressure 0.072kPa (0.54mm Hg) @ room temp.

Vapor Density 7.1 (where air = 1)

Volatile Organics 100%

Density 0.8 mg/cu. cm @15.6°C

Solubility Negligible **K**_{ow} Not determined

Viscosity 1 mm/s² @ 40°C / 105°F

Autoignition Point 232°C / 450°F

Decomposition Temp Not determined

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability Material is normally stable at ambient temperatures and

pressures. Has low vapor pressure – vapors may form

explosive mixtures with air!

Decomposition Temp Not determined. Stable under normal conditions of use

Incompatibility Keep away from strong oxidizers. Contact with these

materials may cause violent or explosive reactions.

Polymerization Will not occur

Thermal Decomposition Combustion products highly dependent on conditions.

Produces carbon oxides. Lower oxygen environments are

likely to produce more harmful particulate carbon,

polyaromatic heterocycles, carbon monoxide and other

organic compounds.

Conditions to Avoid Combustible liquid – keep away from strong oxidizers as well

as heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

11. Toxicological Information

- Acute Exposure -

Eye Irritation Not irritating to eye

Skin Irritation Mild skin irritant. Repeated exposure may cause dermatitis,

drying, cracking, and defatting of the skin.

Respiratory Irritation Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause irritation to the

respiratory system.

Dermal Toxicity
Inhalation Toxicity
Oral Toxicity

Aspiration Hazard

Low order of toxicity LD50 >2g/kg, rabbit Expected to be of low toxicity if inhaled. Low order of toxicity LD50 >5g/kg, rat

This product has a very low viscosity and may be fatal if

aspirated into the airways. Do NOT induce vomiting, as this increases risk of aspiration/chemical pneumonitis. Aspiration

may be fatal.

- Chronic Exposure -

Chronic Toxicity This product may cause dryness or defatting of the skin,

dermatitis, or may aggravate existing skin conditions.

Carcinogenicity Not classified as a carcinogen. Repeated skin contact of

trace impurity has resulted in irritation and skin cancer in

animals (Naphthalene)

Mutagenicity Available information does not suggest that this product is a

germ cell mutagen

Reproductive Toxicity Available information does not suggest that this product is a

reproductive toxin.

Teratogenicity Available information does not suggest that this product is a

teratogen

- Additional Information -

Target organ toxicity Single Exposure – Not expected to be hazardous

Repeat exposure (Kidney) – caused kidney effects in male

rats which are not considered relevant to humans

Synergistic effects
Pharmacokinetics

No data available No data available

12. Ecological Information

- Environmental Toxicity -

Fish Not determined Aquatic Invertebrates Not determined

Algae Not determined Not determined Microoganisms Not determined

- Environmental Fate -

Biodegradation Expected to be readily biodegradable. Oxidizes rapidly by

photo-chemical reactions in the air.

Bioaccumulation Adheres to soil – has the potential to bioaccumulate

Soil Mobility Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility under normal conditions
Other Effects Floats on water and produces a sheen – very mobile in the

aquatic environment

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Considerations

All disposal practices must be in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Store material for disposal as indicated in Section 7. Disposal by controlled incineration or recycling may be acceptable – review applicable regulations or regulatory bodies before making disposal decisions.

Contaminated Containers or Packaging

Empty containers are likely to contain flammable vapors or explosive mixtures of vapor and air. Do NOT weld, cut, or grind empty containers. Send to reconditioner or metal reclaimer if possible. Dispose of in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations

14. Transportation Information

Description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult applicable shipping codes to determine any additional shipping requirements

US DOT Not regulated IMDG Not regulated ICAO/IATA Not regulated

- Global Chemical Inventories/Regulations -

USA All components of this material are on the US TSCA Other TSCA Reg. This product is listed on the TSCA as UVCB (Uknown,

Variable composition, or Biological)

EU Components of this product and similar mixtures are

registered under REACH. Consult the European Chemicals Agency regarding REACH registration, reporting, and other legal requirements for kerosene before importing to the EU.

Canada All components of this product are listed on the Canadian

Domestic Substances List (DSL).

Canada WHMIS D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (toxic)

- Other U.S. Federal Regulations -

SARA Ext. Haz. Subst. No chemicals in this product are listed on the SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances list.

SARA 311/312 Acute Hazard - NO

Chronic Hazard - YES Fire Hazard - YES

Reactivity Hazard -

SARA Sect. 313 This product may contain listed chemicals below the de

minimus levels which therefore are not subject to the notification requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency

Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act.

CERCLA Haz. Sub. No chemicals in this product are reportable to the National

Response Center under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- State Regulations -

CA Prop 65 This product is not known to contain any chemicals currently

listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins

Right-to-Know Pennsylvania: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

64754-47-8

15. Other Information

Revision updates may be in many sections and the MSDS should be read in its entirety. Prepared according to the UN Globally Harmonized System for the Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) by Champion LLC, 1001 Golden Drive, Clinton, Missouri 64735.

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